



AquaGUARD Balance Six

AGent

AGent SDS: AquaGUARD Balance Six [2026.02]

Version No: 2026.02

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code)

Hazard Alert Code: 3

Issue Date: July 2026
Print Date: (auto-fills on print)
AGENT.GHS.AUS.EN.E

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Product name	AquaGUARD Balance Six
Chemical Name	Sulphuric acid
Synonyms	Sulphuric acid; battery acid; pH reducer; oil of vitriol
Proper shipping name	SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid
Chemical formula	H ₂ SO ₄
Other means of identification	AquaGUARD Balance Six [2026.02]

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses	Swimming pool and spa pH / alkalinity reducer.
Uses advised against	Do NOT add water to acid (violent exothermic reaction / spattering). Always add acid slowly to water. Avoid contact with bases, metals and organics.

Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	AGent Sales & Services Pty Ltd
Address	38 May Holman Drive, Bassendean WA 6054, Australia
Telephone	(+61 8) 6270 4500 / 1300 833 844
Website	agentsales.com.au
Email	admin@agentsales.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Hazrad (outside 24-hour emergency response provider)
Emergency telephone numbers	08 9418 4200 (24-hour) — answered by Hazrad on AGent's behalf
Other emergency telephone numbers	Poisons Information Centre 131 126 (Australia) / 0800 764 766 (NZ)

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. DANGEROUS GOODS Class 8 (Corrosive). Scheduled Poison S6. Classified under the WHS Regulations.

Poisons Schedule (SUSMP)	Schedule 6 (S6) — SUSMP
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Classification

- Corrosive to Metals Category 1 — H290
- Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1A — H314
- Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1 — H318 (subsumed by H314)
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure) Category 3 (respiratory) — H335

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)	
Signal word	Danger

Hazard statement(s)

- H290 — May be corrosive to metals.
- H314 — Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- H335 — May cause respiratory irritation.

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

- P234 — Keep only in original container.
- P260 — Do not breathe mist / vapours / spray.
- P264 — Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
- P271 — Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- P280 — Wear protective gloves / protective clothing / eye protection / face protection.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

- P301+P330+P331 — IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- P310 — Immediately call a POISON CENTRE / doctor.
- P303+P361+P353 — IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.
- P321 — Specific treatment (see Section 4).
- P363 — Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- P390 — Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
- P304+P340 — IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
- P305+P351+P338 — IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

- P403+P233 — Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
- P405 — Store locked up.
- P406 — Store in a corrosion-resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

- P501 — Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Other hazards

Strongly hygroscopic and dehydrating. Adding water to acid causes violent spattering / boiling — always add acid to water. Reacts with metals to liberate flammable hydrogen. Chars organic materials.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures.

Mixtures

CAS No.	% [weight]	Name	Classification
7664-93-9	34	Sulphuric acid	Met. Corr. 1 (H290); Skin Corr. 1A (H314); Eye Dam. 1 (H318); STOT SE 3 (H335)
7732-18-5	Balance	Water	Not classified

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact

Immediately rinse with plenty of running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek immediate medical assistance — corrosive; can cause corneal burns and permanent loss of sight.

Skin Contact

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear. Wash affected areas with plenty of water / shower for at least 15 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention. Corrosive — causes severe burns. Launder clothing before reuse.

Inhalation

Remove victim from area of exposure — avoid becoming a casualty. Keep at rest and warm. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. Seek immediate medical advice (risk of delayed pulmonary oedema).

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting (risk of further corrosive injury / aspiration). Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Give water to drink if conscious. Seek immediate medical assistance. Do NOT give neutralising agents.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Corrosive to eyes, skin and respiratory tract. Eye contact can cause corneal burns and permanent loss of sight. Skin contact causes severe burns. Inhalation of mist / aerosol causes respiratory irritation; high concentrations may cause pulmonary oedema. Ingestion causes severe burns to the mouth, throat and GI tract.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically. Acid burns — irrigate copiously. Do NOT use neutralising agents (exothermic). Contact the Poisons Information Centre (Australia 131 126; New Zealand 0800 764 766).

First Aid facilities

Eye wash facilities and a safety shower must be available in any area where this product is handled.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Non-combustible. Use extinguishing media appropriate to the surrounding fire. Do NOT use water directly on the concentrated acid (violent reaction) — use dry agent around it.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire Incompatibility

Not combustible. Reacts with metals to liberate flammable hydrogen. Violent reaction with water, bases and organics.

Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full acid-resistant protective clothing. Cool containers with water spray from a distance; avoid water entering containers.

Fire / Explosion Hazard

Non-combustible liquid. Liberates flammable hydrogen with metals; toxic sulphur oxides in fire.

HAZCHEM Code	2R
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SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See Section 8 for personal protective equipment requirements.

Wear full acid-resistant PPE per Section 8. Clear unprotected personnel. Ventilate. Avoid breathing mist. Do not touch or walk through spilt material.

Environmental precautions

Prevent product entering drains and waterways. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs, advise local emergency services. Will acidify receiving water.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills

Contain the spill. Absorb with inert non-combustible material (sand, earth, vermiculite) — do NOT use combustible absorbents. Cautiously neutralise residue with lime / soda ash ONLY in a controlled manner by trained personnel (exothermic). Collect into a labelled corrosion-resistant container for disposal.

Major Spills

Contain — prevent run-off into drains and waterways. Collect as above. Caution — heat is evolved on dilution / neutralisation. Notify the Environmental Protection Authority if waterways are threatened.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

Always add acid SLOWLY to water, never water to acid. Avoid contact with skin and eyes; avoid breathing mist. Keep away from metals, bases and organics. Observe strict personal hygiene.

Other information

Keep containers closed when not in use and upright; check regularly for leaks. Use corrosion-resistant materials. Store away from incompatible materials (Section 10).

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container

Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place. Keep containers closed and upright. Use acid-resistant materials (no aluminium / mild steel for dilute acid). Store away from bases, metals, organics and incompatible materials (Section 10). Classified DG Class 8 / Scheduled Poison S6 — store per the relevant regulations. Bund the storage area.

Storage incompatibility

Water (violent if added to acid); bases / alkalis; most metals (liberate hydrogen); organic materials; oxidisers; chlorates; carbides; fulminates. See Section 10.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

Reference: Safe Work Australia, "Workplace Exposure Limits for Airborne Contaminants" (April 2024) by Safe Work Australia.

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
SWA WEL 2024	Sulphuric acid (7664-93-9)	Sulphuric acid (thoracic fraction / mist)	0.1 mg/m ³ (thoracic fraction)	Not assigned	Not assigned	SWA WEL 2024: sulphuric acid (thoracic fraction) TWA 0.1 mg/m ³ ; no STEL or Peak assigned. The former WES value (TWA 1 / STEL 3 mg/m ³) remains enforceable until 30 November 2026 under transitional arrangements.

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
Sulphuric acid	0.8 mg/m ³ (DOE PAC)	8.7 mg/m ³ (DOE PAC)	180 mg/m ³ (DOE PAC)
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH
Sulphuric acid	15 mg/m ³ (NIOSH)		15 mg/m ³ (NIOSH)

MATERIAL DATA

No whole-mixture occupational exposure data are available; manage on a per-component basis (above).

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Apply the hierarchy of controls (WHS Reg 36). Where elimination or substitution is not reasonably practicable: provide local exhaust ventilation at points of vapour / mist generation; use closed transfer systems where possible; ensure general ventilation is adequate to keep airborne concentrations below the applicable WEL. Document the risk assessment supporting the chosen control hierarchy.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye and face protection

Safety glasses with side shields (AS/NZS 1336 & 1337) as a minimum. Chemical goggles and a face shield (AS/NZS 1336 & 1337) where splash potential exists.

Skin protection

See Hand protection below.

Hands/feet protection

Acid-resistant gloves (neoprene / butyl / PVC); chemical splash apron / acid-resistant suit and rubber boots (AS 2161, AS 2919, AS/NZS 2210). Chemical goggles AND face shield (AS/NZS 1336 & 1337). Where mist may exceed the exposure standard, a respirator with acid-gas / particulate protection (AS/NZS 1715 & 1716). Eye-wash and safety shower must be available.

Body protection

See Other protection below.

Other protection

Long-sleeved chemical-resistant protective clothing and apron (PVC or equivalent)

Respiratory protection

If a risk assessment indicates an inhalation risk exists, wear a half-face or full-face respirator with appropriate filter (selection per AS/NZS 1715; respirator per AS/NZS 1716). Specific cartridge / canister recommendation to be confirmed during respiratory protection risk assessment per AS/NZS 1715.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Property	Value
Appearance	Clear, colourless liquid
Physical state	Liquid
Odour	Odourless (sharp / choking if mist generated)
Odour threshold	No data available in source SDS
pH (as supplied)	< 1 (strongly acidic; < 1 @ 10% solution)
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	3 °C
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not available (aqueous; > 100 °C)
Flash point (°C)	Not applicable — non-combustible
Evaporation rate	Negligible
Flammability	Not flammable (non-combustible)
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not applicable (liberated hydrogen: 75%)
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not applicable (liberated hydrogen: 4%)

Vapour pressure (kPa)	Negligible at ambient temperature
Solubility in water	Miscible in water (violently exothermic)
Vapour density (Air = 1)	No data available in source SDS
Relative density (Water = 1)	1.24 – 1.27
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water	Not applicable — ionic
Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not applicable — non-combustible
Decomposition temperature (°C)	No data available in source SDS
Viscosity (cSt)	Low (aqueous)
Molecular weight (g/mol)	98.1 g/mol
Taste	Not applicable — do not taste
Explosive properties	None known (liberates explosive hydrogen with metals)
Oxidising properties	None (dilute)
Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	No data available in source SDS
Volatile Component (% vol)	Negligible
Gas group	Not applicable
pH as a solution (1%)	~1 (strongly acidic)
VOC g/L	0 g/L — inorganic; no VOC

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	Reacts violently with water (add acid to water), bases and many organics. Attacks most metals liberating hydrogen. See Section 10.
Chemical stability	Stable under normal storage conditions. Strongly hygroscopic.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Violent exothermic reaction with water and bases. Reaction with metals liberates flammable hydrogen. Reacts violently / explosively with chlorates, carbides, fulminates, water-reactive materials. Chars organics.
Conditions to avoid	Addition of water to acid; contact with incompatible materials; heat; moisture (dilute acid is more corrosive to metals).
Incompatible materials	See Section 7. Water (if added to acid); bases; metals; organics; oxidisers; chlorates; carbides; fulminates.
Hazardous decomposition products	Sulphur oxides (SO ₂ / SO ₃) on strong heating.

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled

Mist / aerosol causes severe respiratory irritation; high concentrations may cause pulmonary oedema and chemical pneumonitis.

Ingestion

Causes severe corrosive burns to the mouth, throat, oesophagus and stomach.

Skin Contact

Corrosive — causes severe burns.

Eye

Corrosive — causes severe burns; can cause permanent loss of sight.

Chronic

Strong inorganic acid mists containing sulphuric acid are classified by IARC as Group 1 (carcinogenic to humans) — an occupational MIST hazard (larynx / lung). Repeated mist exposure may cause dental erosion. The packaged liquid is not classified as a carcinogen.

Per-ingredient toxicity

Ingredient	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Sulphuric acid	Inhalation LC50 (rat): ~0.375 mg/L/2 h (mist)	Skin & Eye (rabbit) — CORROSIVE

Hazard checklist (whole-product classification basis)

Hazard endpoint	Classified	Hazard endpoint	Classified
Acute Toxicity	—	Carcinogenicity	Strong inorganic acid mist — IARC Group 1 (mist only; see Section 11)
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓ Skin Corrosion Category 1A (H314)	Reproductive Toxicity	—
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓ Serious Eye Damage Category 1 (H318, subsumed by H314)	STOT — Single Exposure	✓ STOT Single Exposure Category 3 — respiratory (H335)
Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation	—	STOT — Repeated Exposure	—
Mutagenicity	—	Aspiration Hazard	—

Legend: ✓ = Data available to make classification; — = Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification.

Information on possible routes of exposure

May be absorbed by skin and eye contact, ingestion and inhalation of mist.

Additional Information

RTECS	WS5600000 (sulphuric acid)
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SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration	Species	Value	Source
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Sulphuric acid	Acidification (pH effect)	—	Aquatic organisms	Harmful to aquatic life through pH depression; LC50 (fish) ~16-80 mg/L	AGent SDS / literature
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Environmental precaution: Prevent entry to drains, waterways and soak-aways. Notify the relevant Environmental Protection Authority if waterway contamination occurs.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water / Soil	Persistence: Air
Sulphuric acid	Dissociates / neutralised by buffering capacity of receiving water; lowers pH.	Not applicable — non-volatile (mist possible).

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
Sulphuric acid	Does not bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
Sulphuric acid	Miscible and mobile in water.

Other adverse effects

Harmful to aquatic life through pH depression. Avoid uncontrolled discharge to waterways; neutralise effluent.

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

- Recycle wherever possible.
- Ensure waste disposal conforms to all relevant local, state and federal authority waste disposal regulations.
- Do NOT discharge into sewers or waterways.
- Empty containers should be returned via AGent's Closed Loop container return program where applicable.
- Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed through an approved waste disposal facility.
- Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Carefully neutralise (by trained personnel) before disposal where permitted. Do not discharge untreated to waterways.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required	Class 8 (Corrosive)
Marine Pollutant	No
HAZCHEM Code	2R

Land transport (ADG)

UN number	2796
UN proper shipping name	SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid
Transport hazard class(es)	8 (Corrosive), PG II. Classified as DANGEROUS GOODS by the criteria of the ADG Code for transport by road or rail.
Packing group	II
Environmental hazard	Not a Marine Pollutant
Special precautions for user	Special Provisions (ADG): None allocated. Limited Quantities (LQ): Dangerous goods exemptions apply for road/rail transport when packed in inner packagings with a net volume not exceeding 1 L and outer packagings with a gross mass not exceeding 30 kg. Excepted Quantities (EQ): Code E2 applies. Maximum net quantity per inner packaging is 30 mL. Maximum net quantity per outer packaging is 500 mL.
ERG / EIP number	ANZ-ERG 2024 Guide 157.

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	2796
UN proper shipping name (lowercase)	SULPHURIC ACID
ICAO/IATA Class	Class 8 (Corrosive), PG II
Packing group	II
Environmental hazard	Not environmentally hazardous
Special provisions	Classified as DANGEROUS GOODS by the criteria of the IATA Code for transport by air.
Cargo Only Packing Instructions	Not Applicable — AGent does not transport this product by air. Refer to land transport (ADG) above for the applicable classification.
Cargo Only Max Qty/Pack	Not Applicable — AGent does not transport this product by air. Refer to land transport (ADG) above for the applicable classification.
Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	Not Applicable — AGent does not transport this product by air. Refer to land transport (ADG) above for the applicable classification.
Passenger and Cargo Max Qty/Pack	Not Applicable — AGent does not transport this product by air. Refer to land transport (ADG) above for the applicable classification.

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	2796
UN proper shipping name	SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51% acid
IMDG Class	Class 8 (Corrosive), PG II
Packing group	II
Environmental hazard	Not a Marine Pollutant
EMS Number	F-A, S-B
Special provisions	Classified as DANGEROUS GOODS by the criteria of the IMDG Code for transport by sea.

Transport in bulk according to MARPOL Annex II and the IBC Code

Not Applicable — AGent does not transport this product in bulk by sea.

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
AquaGUARD Balance Six	Not Applicable — AGent does not transport this product in bulk by sea.

Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
AquaGUARD Balance Six	Not Applicable — AGent does not transport this product in bulk by sea.

SECTION 15 Regulatory information**Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

SULPHURIC ACID (CAS 7664-93-9) is found on / assessed against the following regulatory lists:

- Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS): Met. Corr. 1 (H290); Skin Corr. 1A (H314); STOT SE 3 (H335)
- Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP): Schedule 6 (S6)
- Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC): Listed
- IARC Group classification: Group 1 — strong inorganic acid MISTS containing sulphuric acid (occupational mist exposure)
- Schedule 10 of the model WHS Regulations (prohibited / restricted carcinogens): Not listed
- Schedule 14 of the model WHS Regulations (health monitoring trigger): Not listed (review if mist-generating processes apply)

Additional Regulatory Information

Subject to: Work Health and Safety (General) Regulations 2022 (WA); "Workplace Exposure Limits for Airborne Contaminants" (April 2024) by Safe Work Australia; Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road & Rail (ADG Code) current edition.

National Inventory Status

Country / Inventory	Listed
Australia (AIIC / AICS)	Yes
Canada (DSL)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
Canada (NDSL)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
China (IECSC)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
Europe (EINECS / ELINCS / NLP)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
Japan (ENCS)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
Korea (KECI)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
New Zealand (NZIoC)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
Philippines (PICCS)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
USA (TSCA)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
Taiwan (TCSI)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
Mexico (INSQ)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
Vietnam (NCI)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product
Russia (FBEPH)	Not applicable — AGent does not export this product

Legend: Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory; No = One or more CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory (may be exempt or require registration).

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	July 2026
Initial Date	June 2026 (AGent 2026 format; AquaGUARD Pool & Spa brand)

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
2026.02 (AGent 2026 format)	July 2026	Reconciled with the Sulphuric Acid 34% SDS (same chemical product — shared product_group "sulphuric-acid-34"). Chemical content (§2–§15) copied verbatim from that file, which carries the verified June/July 2026 corrections. Blocks changed in this file: ecotox, transport. Per-field diff is in the sds-data git history.
2026.01 (AGent 2026 format); earlier: V2.3 (legacy AGent format)	June 2026	Rebranded clone of the AGent Sulphuric Acid 34% SDS. Met Corr 1 / Skin Corr 1A / STOT SE3; Danger; UN2796 Class 8 PG II; S6. (Superseded by the reconciliation above.)

Other information

This SDS is intended as a hazard communication tool to assist in workplace Risk Assessment. It is not an Australian Standard or a definitive document.

Definitions and abbreviations

Abbreviation	Definition
ADG	Australian Dangerous Goods Code
AICS / AIIC	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (formerly AICS)
AUH	Additional / Australian Hazard statements
BCF	Bioconcentration Factor
BEI	Biological Exposure Index
CAS	Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number
DNEL	Derived No Effect Level
DSEN	Dermal sensitiser (SWA WEL 2024 notation)
EC50	Effect Concentration causing effect in 50% of test population
EMS	IMDG Emergency Schedule
ERG / EIP	Emergency Response Guide / Emergency Information Panel (SAA/SNZ HB76)
ES	Exposure Standard (legacy term — now WEL)
GHS	Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling
HCIS	Hazardous Chemical Information System (Safe Work Australia)
IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer
IDLH	Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health
LC50	Lethal Concentration causing death in 50% of test population
LD50	Lethal Dose causing death in 50% of test population
LOAEL	Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOAEL	No Observed Adverse Effect Level
NOEC	No Observed Effect Concentration
OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit
OTO	Ototoxic (SWA WEL 2024 notation)
PC-STEEL	Permissible Concentration — Short Term Exposure Limit
PC-TWA	Permissible Concentration — Time Weighted Average
PNEC	Predicted No Effect Concentration
RSEN	Respiratory sensitiser (SWA WEL 2024 notation)
SDS	Safety Data Sheet

Sk	Skin notation — absorption through the skin a significant route
STEL	Short Term Exposure Limit (15 min TWA)
SUSMP	Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
SWA	Safe Work Australia
TEEL	Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit
TLV	Threshold Limit Value
TWA	Time Weighted Average (8 hr / 40 hr week)
WEL	Workplace Exposure Limit (Safe Work Australia, April 2024)
WHS	Work Health and Safety

Disclaimer

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